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DATE MAILED: 06/29/2006

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/811,938 | 03/30/2004 | Johann Kindlein | 3560-0137PUS1 | 2928 |
| 2292 | 7590 06/29/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747 | | | LACYK, JOHN P | |
| FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 3735 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | 6 |
|--|--|---|---|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
| | 10/811,938 | KINDLEIN ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | John P. Lacyk | 3735 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet with the o | correspondence address | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | · | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This | s action is non-final. | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowa | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application |). | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | wn from consideration. | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected. | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | or election requirement. | | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine | er. | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc | cepted or b) objected to by the | Examiner. | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct | - · · | • | |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | xaminer. Note the attached Office | Action or form PTO-152. | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | | n)-(d) or (f). | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documen | | in No | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documen3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority | · | | |
| application from the International Burea | • | ed III tills National Stage | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | • | ed. | |
| | · | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary | | |
| Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/30/04</u>. | Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other: | Patent Application (PTO-152) | |

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1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and are replete with grammatical and idiomatic errors. Claim 1 has language including both comprising and characterized in making it unclear where the body of the claim begins. The term "complex, spatial geometry" in claim 5 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "complex, spatial geometry" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Regarding claim 12, the phrase "etc." renders the claim(s) indefinite because the claim(s) include(s) elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "etc."), thereby rendering the scope of the claim(s) unascertainable. Claim 14 appears to be a system claim but is dependent on claim 1 which is directed to an applicator, it appears that this should be an independent system claim and not

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depend on the applicator of claim 1. Claim 15 is directed to a method dependent on both claims 14 and claim 1, claim cannot depend from two claims.

Claim 15 also provides for the use of a radioactive therapy treatment system and brachytherapy applicator, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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6. Claims 1-2, 5-8, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tang et al (5,729,583).

Tang et al discloses a device for performing radiation therapy having and x-ray emitting surface with a vacuum cavity (14) having an anode (12) and cathode (11) spaced apart; an emitting means (column 3, lines 29-36); an electric field means (column 4, lines 7-10) and the vacuum cavity being at least partially transparent to x-ray radiation (column 3, lines 49-54). The cathode and anode are considered to be "plate-shaped" elements (column 4, line 25 and Figure 9).

7. Claims 1-2, 5-8,11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ribbing et al (6,477,233).

Ribbing et al discloses a device as claimed, as pointed out in applicant's specification pages 1-2, further as can be seen the cathode and anode are considered to be "plate-shaped" elements (Figure 1).

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 3-4, 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tang et al or Ribbing et al in view of Chornenky et al (EP 0860180).

Tang et al and Ribbing et al disclose the claimed device except for specifically disclosing the use of a getter material with a vacuum cavity. Chornenky et al teaches that a getter is well known and a common feature in vacuum cavities. Therefore a modification of Tang et al or Ribbing et al to include the use of a getter material would have been obvious to one skilled in the art in view of the teachings of Chornenky et al. Further to provide holes in any desired shaped openings would have been a matter of routine engineering design choice.

10. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kindlein et al (EP 1316330).

Kindlein et al discloses a brachytherapy treatment system having a dose planning device or treatment planning system (0001); a control means or control system (0001); one or more radiation detectors or measuring probe (0021) the detectors or probes delivering feedback information (processor means in paragraph 0022).

11. Claims 9-10 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P. Lacyk whose telephone number is 571-272-4728. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:30-5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chuck Marmor, II can be reached on 571-272-4730. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Primary Examiner

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J.P. Lacyk